Material Safety Data Sheet

U.S. Department of Labor

May be used to comply with Occupational Safety and Health Administration OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, (Non-Mandatory Form) 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be Form Approved consulted for specific requirements. OMB No. 1218-0072

Product Identification: Ultra-Filter-Tex		
Manufacturer's Name:		
UltraTech International, Inc. 11542 Davis Creek Court Jacksonville, FL 32256 USA	Date Prepared: 08-15-01 Date Review: 01-01-17	
Emergency Telephone Number: (904) 292-1611	Telephone Number for Information: Same	

Section II - Hazard Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name: none	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits Recom- mended	%(optional)
Synthetic/polymer fiber blend	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	N/A	Melting Point	480°-570°F
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Solubility in Water: Not soluble			
Appearance and Odor - Color: gray to blue- gray, odorless			

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (Method Used) - 840°-1040°F NFPA Fire Analysis, polymer fiber pg.4-49 Eighteenth Edition, 1997	Flammable Limits 1290-1330	LEL 680°F	UEL 750°F
Extinguishing Media - Water spray, ABC dry chemical			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures - Use self contained breath- ing apparatus when fighting fires in enclosed areas when expo- sure to smoke and gases could occur (including cleanup and salvage operations).			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards - Protein type air foams would be ineffective on larger fires due to lack of cooling capacity which could result in re-ignition.			

Section V - Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	Х	None
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)			
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts			
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	Х	None

Section VI - Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation? Minor dust	Skin? N/A	Ingestion? N/A
Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) - A fine (non-irritating) dust may occur when handling loose fiber. Persons with breathing abnormalities may wish to wear a common filter mask. Dust is minor and does not occur with the blanket product.			
Carcinogenic: N/A	NTP? N/A	IARC Mono- graphs? N/A	OSHA Regulated? No
Signs and Symptoms of Exposure - None			
Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure - See: "Health Hazards" above			
Emergency and First Aid Procedures - N/A			

Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled - Use common industrial practices to clean up.

Waste Disposal Method

• If unused, no special precautions are necessary. If used, dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

- In certain types of cleanup applications the nature of the material recovered will classify the resulting spent material as a hazardous component.
- In such instances the material should be disposed of via an approved hazardous waste disposal service and the appropriate manifesting obtained.

Precautions to Be taken in Handling and Storing - Avoid generating dust when handling loose material.

Other Precautions - None

Section VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) - Common dust mask is a good industrial practice but is not necessary.	
Ventilation - Normal / natural	Local Exhaust - Normal
	Mechanical (General) - None
Protective Gloves - May be used but not necessary	Eye Protection - Safety glasses with side shields as a good in- dustrial practice but is not necessary.
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment - None re- quired	Work/Hygienic Practices - Wash hands after handling as a good hygienic practice.